Interpretation of CLA® Test Results Northwestern Inhalant Panel



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Test results from the *CLA-1*TM *Luminometer* are provided in Luminometer Units (LU), which are in turn grouped into Class results. Classes are assigned "Class 0," nondetectable specific IgE, to the highest class, "Class 4," which correlates to very high levels of specific IgE.

| Class 0 | <u>Class 1/0</u> | Class 1 | <u>Class 2</u> | Class 3 | Class 4 |
|---------------|------------------|---------|----------------|---------|-----------|
| Nondetectable | Very Low | Low | Moderate | High | Very High |

In a more temperate climate, season of pollination may be extended before and after that listed below.

| <u>Category</u> | <u>Allergen</u> | Comments | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Trees | ☐ Ash, White | Mid to late Spring pollen. Strong cross-reactivity with Olive and Privet pollen. | | | | |
| | ☐ Aspen, Quaking | Early to mid Spring pollen. May cross-react with Willow and Cottonwood. | | | | |
| | ☐ Birch / Alder Mix | Mid to late Spring pollen. These tree pollens are highly cross-reactive. | | | | |
| | ☐ Box Elder, Maple | Mid Spring pollen. This is a Maple. All Maple species cross-react. | | | | |
| | ☐ Cedar, Mountain | Earliest Spring pollinator. Represents allergy to all Juniper and Cypress species. | | | | |
| | ☐ Cottonwood, Black | Early Spring pollen. May cross-react with Willow. | | | | |
| | □ Elm Mix | ☐ Elm Mix | | | | |
| | □ Oak Mix | Mid to late Spring pollen. All Oak species are highly cross-reactive. | | | | |
| | ☐ Pine Mix | heavy with few respirable pollens left in the air. | | | | |
| | □ Privet | Summer pollen. Closely related to Ash tree pollen. | | | | |
| | ☐ Sycamore, American | Early to mid-Spring pollen. | | | | |
| | □ Walnut / Hickory / | | | | | |
| | Pecan Mix | | | | | |
| | | Early to mid Spring pollen. Cross-reactivity with Cottonwood, Aspen & Poplar. | | | | |
| | | Late Summer & Fall pollen. ¹ | | | | |
| | | Late Summer & Fall pollen. Related to ragweed. ² | | | | |
| | □ English Plantain | | | | | |
| | ☐ Lamb's Quarters | | | | | |
| | | Late Summer & Fall pollen. Related to Ragweed. ² | | | | |
| | | Spring through Fall pollen. | | | | |
| | | Late Summer & Fall pollen.1 | | | | |
| | | Fall pollen. Western variety of Ragweed. | | | | |
| | | Fall pollen. Western variety of Ragweed. | | | | |
| | ☐ Russian Thistle | Late Summer & Fall pollen. ¹ | | | | |
| | ☐ Sagebrush Mix | | | | | |
| | ☐ Shadscale | Late Summer & Fall pollen. ¹ | | | | |
| | ☐ Sheep Sorrel | Pollen counts peak with grass pollens (late Spring to early Summer). | | | | |
| | □ Waterhemp | Late Summer & Fall pollen of the Amaranthus sub-group of weeds. | | | | |
| Danders | □ Cat | Common allergen, especially with indoor pets. Allergens persist indoors. | | | | |
| | □ Dog | Common allergen but less sensitizing than cat | | | | |
| Dust / Mites | ☐ Mite, D. Farinae | Indoor allergen. Essentially the same as mite, D. Pteronyssinus. | | | | |
| Grass | ☐ Sweet Vernal Grass | Potent field grass. Late Spring to early Summer. | | | | |
| | ☐ Alternaria | Allergen is the windborne mold spore. Highly correlated with allergic asthma. | | | | |
| | ☐ Aspergillus | Predominantly Indoor allergen. Common black mold. | | | | |
| | □ Candida | | | | | |
| | ☐ Cladosporium | Allergen is the windborne mold spore. | | | | |
| | □ Penicillium | | | | | |
| 1 Cross reactiv | o with other pollege of changes | da da | | | | |

¹ Cross reactive with other pollens of chenopod weeds.

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Doc. No. 0806 Rev. 01

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² Cross reactive with other pollens of Ambrosia weeds.